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Our goals in 2030



Make cities & human settlements safe, resilient & sustainable

70% children's playgrounds of LCSD offered diversified inclusive play equipment (LCSD, 2024) ¹



1 in 4 urban population worldwide living in slum settlements in 2020 (UN, 2023) ²



Slums may **LACK** one or more of the following: ³

1. Durable housing
2. Sufficient living space
3. Easy access to safe water
4. Access to adequate sanitation
5. Security of tenure

(UN Habitat)

Key Targets



Safe & affordable housing



Affordable & sustainable transport systems



Inclusive & sustainable urbanization



Protect the world's cultural & natural heritage



Reduce the adverse effects of natural disasters



Reduce the environmental impact of cities



Provide access to safe & inclusive green & public spaces



Implement policies for inclusion, resource efficiency & disaster risk reduction strategy

1. Leisure and Cultural Service Department, 'Play Equipment for All Children', LCSD, <<https://www.lcsd.gov.hk/en/facilities/facilitieslist/children/playequipment.html>>, accessed 6 Feb 2024

2. United Nations, *The Sustainable Development Goals Report 2023: Special Edition*, UN, 2023

3. UN Habitat, *Indicator 11.1.1 Training Module_Adequate Housing and Slum Upgrading*, United Nations Human Settlement Programme (UN-Habitat), Nairobi, 2018

Why sustainable cities & communities are relevant to child rights?

Due to a lack of urban planning and uneven urban development, millions of children in urban settings confront daily challenges and deprivations of their rights.

United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child



ARTICLE 6

Every child has the rights to life, survival & development.



ARTICLE 12

Children can give opinions and expect them to be heard.



ARTICLE 23

If a child lives with disability, she/he needs care & support to live a full life.



ARTICLE 24

Good health, clean water & nutritious food are a child's right.



ARTICLE 27

All children must have their basic needs met, no matter how disadvantaged or marginalized.



ARTICLE 31

Children have the right to play and rest.



Actions to take

11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



Reduce carbon footprint for a more sustainable environment, e.g. ride on bike or walk.



Promote the natural heritage of Hong Kong. Take photos without destroying the environment, and share the beautiful views on social media.



Promote the concepts of child-friendly and inclusive playgrounds. Organize workshop for children in your community. Let them voice out and create their ideal playgrounds.



Reduce waste by recycling and upcycling, e.g. place recycling bins on the floor you live and encourage your neighbours to use them.



Find out more about the SDG 11 and activities' ideas, visit:
UNICEF HK Education Web Portal: <https://edu.unicef.org.hk>
UNICEF Club: <https://club.unicef.org.hk>
SDG 11: <https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/cities/>





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2030年的 願景



建設

共融、安全、
能抵禦災害
及

可持續的
城市

和

人類居所

70% 康樂及文化事務署轄下的兒童
遊樂場提供多元化和共融的
遊樂設備
(康樂及文化事務署, 2024)



1/4 居住在貧民窟²
城市人口
(2020年數據)
(聯合國, 2023)



貧民窟缺乏以下一個或多個項目：³

- 1.耐用的住屋
- 2.充足的生活空間
- 3.容易獲得安全食水
- 4.能獲得適當的衛生設施
- 5.租住權保障

(聯合國人居署)

主要目標



安全、可負擔的
住屋



可負擔和可持續的
交通運輸系統



共融和可持續的
城市發展



保護世界文化和
自然遺產



減少自然災害造成
的負面影響



減少對城市環境的
負面影響



提供安全和共融的
綠色公共空間



實施政策以提升
共融、資源運用效率
和降低災害風險

1. Leisure and Cultural Service Department, 'Play Equipment for All Children', LCSLD, <<https://www.lcsd.gov.hk/en/facilities/facilitieslist/children/playequipment.html>>, accessed 6 Feb 2024

2. United Nations, *The Sustainable Development Goals Report 2023: Special Edition*, UN, 2023

3. UN Habitat, *Indicator 11.1.1 Training Module_Adequate Housing and Slum Upgrading*, United Nations Human Settlement Programme (UN-Habitat), Nairobi, 2018

為甚麼可持續發展城市與兒童權利相關？

由於缺乏城市規劃和城市發展不平衡，數百萬兒童面臨著生活中的挑戰和權利未能實踐的問題。

聯合國 兒童權利 公約



第6條

兒童有生存和發展的權利。



第12條

兒童有權發表意見，並獲得尊重。



第23條

如兒童有殘疾，必須得到特別照顧，讓他們亦有充實的生活。



第24條

健康的身體、清潔食水和有營養的食物，都是兒童的權利。



第27條

不論貧困或弱小，所有兒童必須享有基本生活所需。



第31條

兒童有權遊戲和休息。



你可以做甚麼？



減少碳足跡以促進可持續的環境，例如騎單車或步行。



推廣香港的自然遺產，例如在不破壞環境前提下拍照，並透過社交媒體分享美麗的景色。



推廣兒童友好和共融遊樂場的概念。為社區的兒童組織工作坊，讓他們表達意見，創造其理想的遊樂場。



透過回收和升級再造來減少浪費，例如：在你居住的樓層放置回收箱，並鼓勵鄰居使用它。



了解更多可持續發展目標 11 及相關活動點子，瀏覽：

UNICEF HK教育資源網：<https://edu.unicef.org.hk>

UNICEF Club：<https://club.unicef.org.hk>

目標11：<https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/zh/cities/>

