

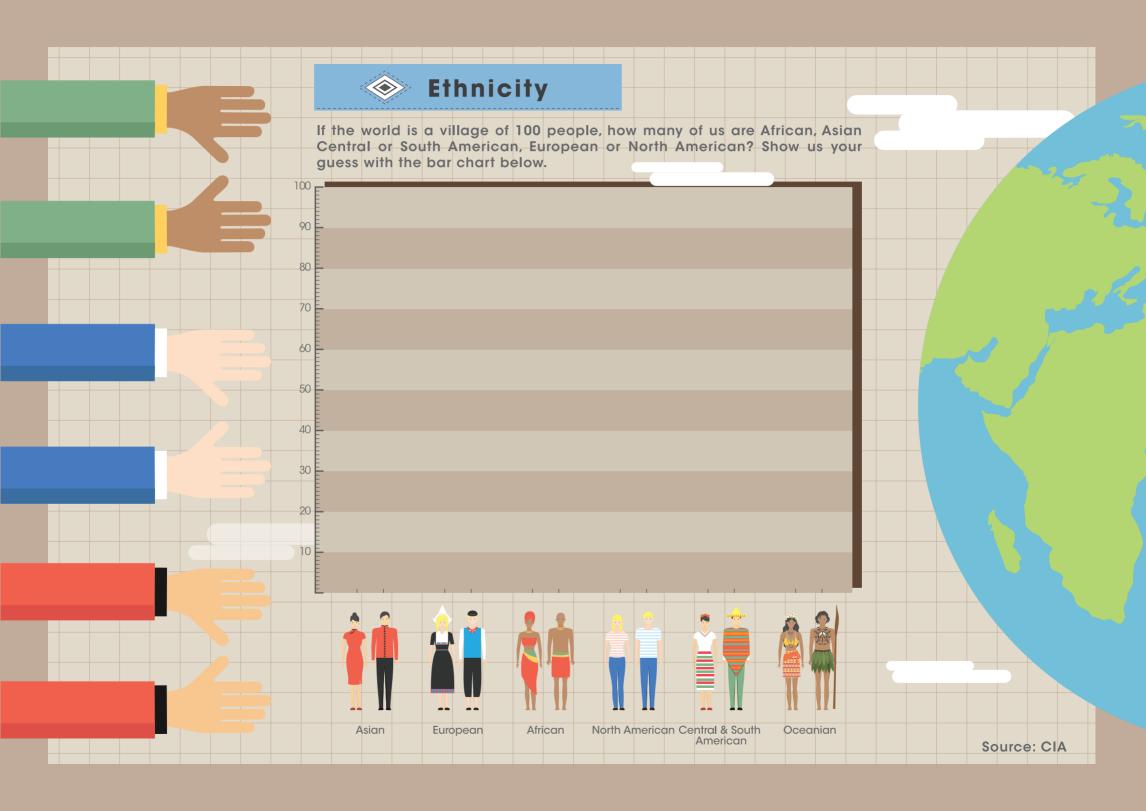
## 100-People Village

### If the world is a 100 people village

UNICEF Hong Kong welcomes you in embarking on an exciting and fruitful year of charity, service, and community with the UNICEF Club.

This year, we would like to kickstart the year by broadening our perspective of the world and deepening our understanding of global issues. We start by looking at what the world will be like if we shrink it into a village of 100 people.







Find the 8 most commonly used first languages in the word search puzzle below. Words can be formed in a straight line horizontally, vertically or diagonally, and can be forward or backward:



Rank the 8 LANGUAGES from the most widely used at #1.

Find out how you say "HELLO" in each of these languages:

#1	LANGUAGE:	
	TO SAY HELLO:	
#2	LANGUAGE:	
#3		
	TO SAY HELLO:	
u 4		
#4		
	TO SAY HELLO:	
#5	LANGUAGE	
" "		
	TO SAY HELLO:	
#6	LANGUAGE:	
	TO OAT TILLEGT.	
#7	LANGUAGE:	
	TO SAY HELLO:	
#8	LANGUAGE:	
	TO SAY HELLO:	
		Source: UN



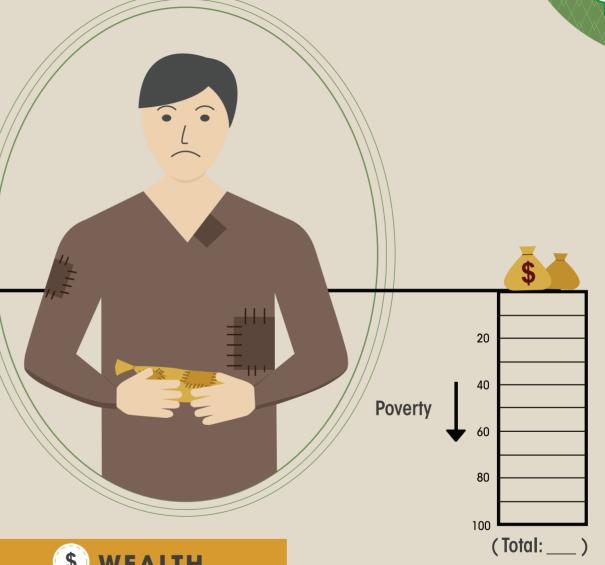
The United Nations defined poverty as

## US\$1.9 (HK\$14.8)

a day, as they note that below this amount, most individuals can't afford basics such as food and shelter or even access to drinking water.



Fill the bar to depict the number of people living under this poverty line

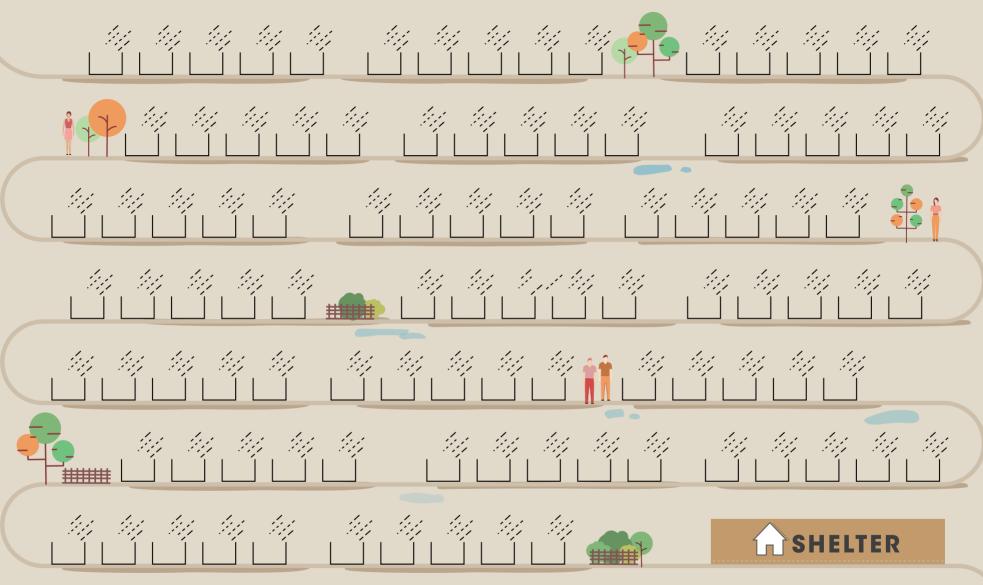




Source: World Bank









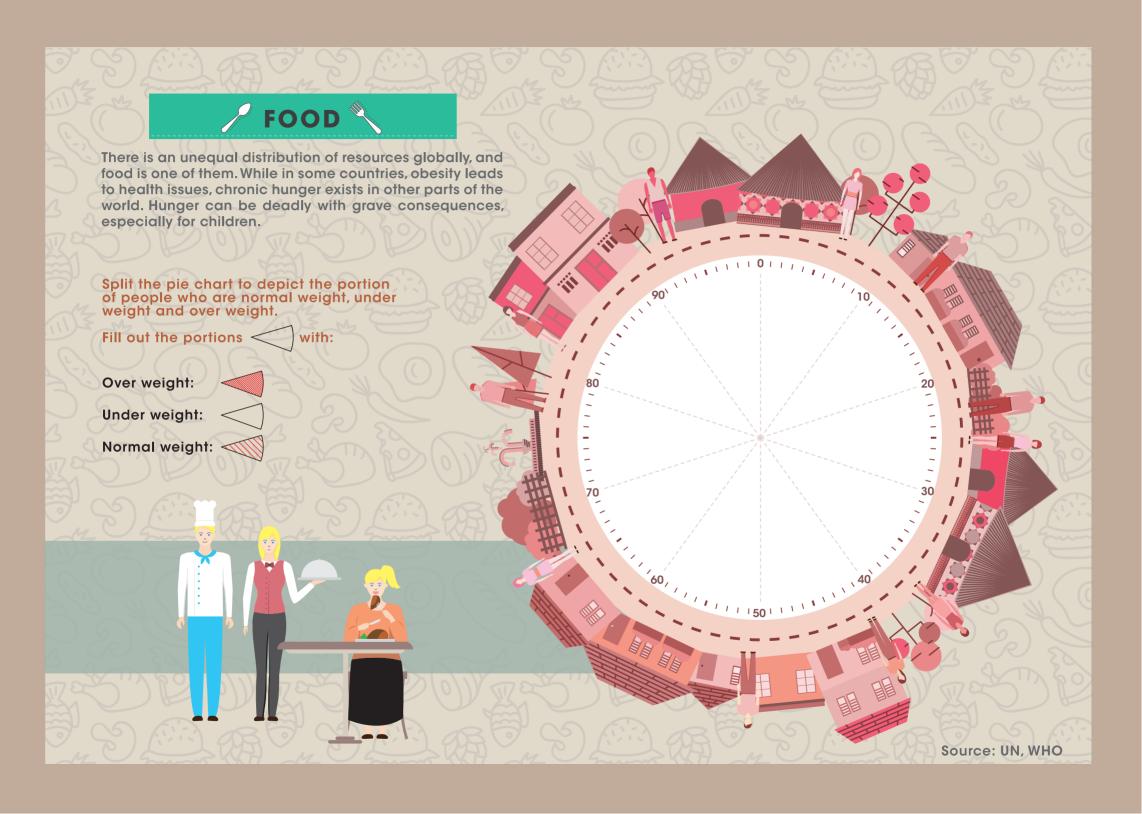
While having adequate shelter should be a basic human right, some people in the world are deprived from this basic necessity. They could be living in temporary housing or insecure conditions that do not provide them protection against bad weather, crime or diseases.

Depict the living condition of the people in the village with the following drawings:



No shelf

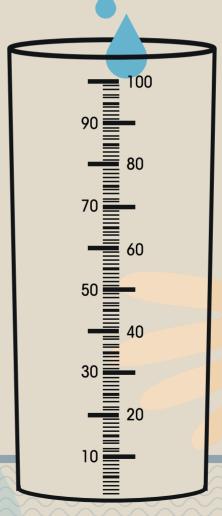
Source: World Bank



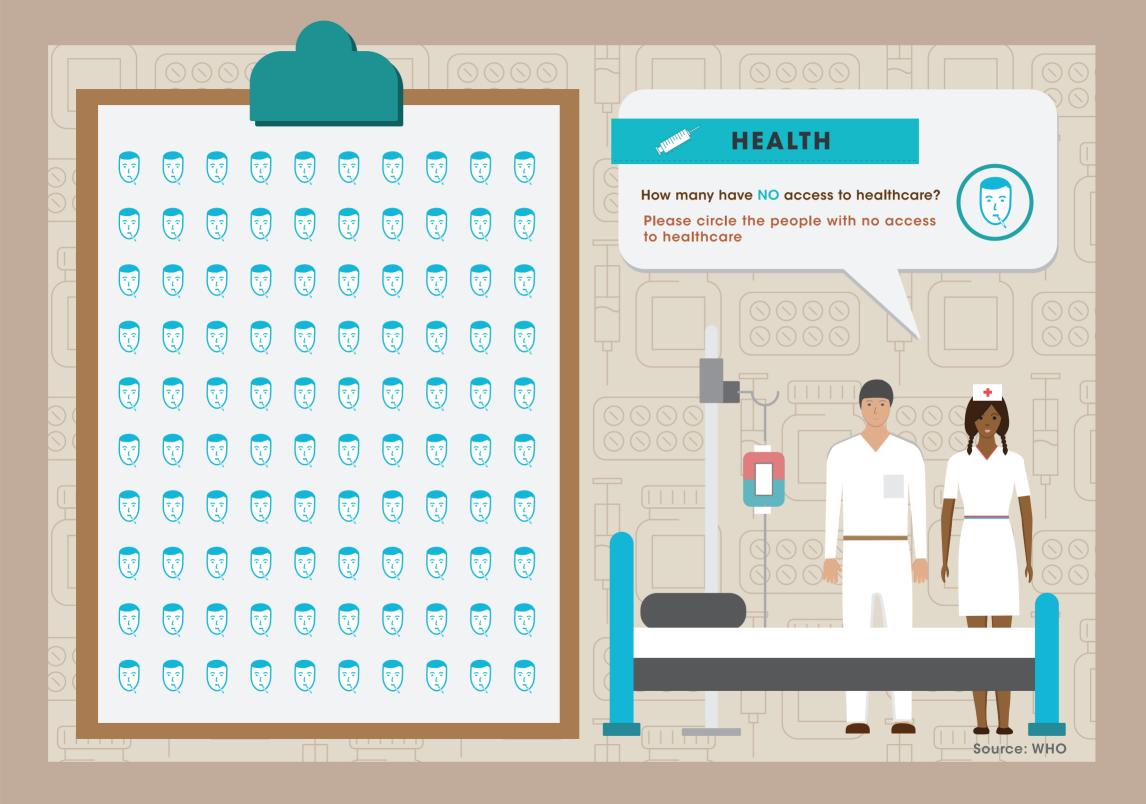
# WATER

Fresh water sustains human life and is vital for health. Due to bad economics or poor infrastructure, some people in the world do not have access to safe drinking water. These people often suffer from disease associated with inadequate water supply, sanitation and hygiene.

Depict the number of people who have no access to safe drinking water by **blackening the water level** 



Source: CIA





### **EDUCATION**

In our village, 38 people will be of student age. Across these children and young adults, what is the percentage of our population who will be able to graduate from college?

In contrast, what is the percentage of our global population who will not be able to attain primary education?

Moreover, what is the percentage of this global population who will not be able to read and write? college degree

no primary education



WITHOUT PRIMARY EDUCATION



illiterate

Source: CIA, Unesco, World Bank

## Convention on the Right of the Child (CRC)

Children are most vulnerable in underprivileged situations. To promote and protect children's human rights, the United Nations has since adopted CRC was in 1989. It is the first legally binding international instrument incorporating the full range of human rights for children. It articulates the full complement of civil, political, cultural, social and economic rights for all children.

Currently, 196 countries have ratified CRC. By ratifying this Convention, governments worldwide are committed to securing and ensuring children's rights, as well as to shoulder relevant responsibilities.

Here are some children's right articles



no matter what RACE, religion, ability, family unit, or the thing they think and say, a child has rights under the Convention.



#### LANGUAGE

every child has the right to his or her own LANGUAGE and culture. If a child belonging to an ethnic minority, we have to respect their rights and embrace the diversity.



Learn more about CRC: www.unicef.org/CRC

the world.

### **POVERTY**

UNICEF's mission is to advocate for the

protection of children's rights, to help meet their

basic needs and to expand their opportunities

to reach their full potential. UNICEF is auided in

doing this by the provisions and principles of the

You too, can played an active role as an

advocate for the rights of fellow children around

Convention on the Rights of the Child.

all children must have their basic needs met, no matter how marginalized, POVERTY should not be the reason to deprive the rights to survival of children.



#### SHELTER

a secure SHELTER is one of the basic needs for children as it provides them protection against bad weather and violence.



## FOOD N

adequate FOOD is one of the basic needs of children. Children who are malnourished are much more susceptible to life-threatening diseases such as malaria and diarrhoeal infections.



Clean WATER is one of the basic needs of children. For children under five, water and sanitation related diseases are one of the leading causes of death.

## The Global Goals





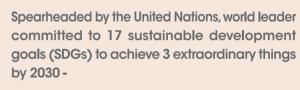






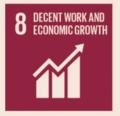






End extreme poverty. Fight inequality & injustice. Fix climate change.























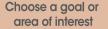




Find out more at: globalgoals.org

## Simple steps in starting a campaign







**Define objectives** 



Research background information and support



Create action plan and LAUNCH!



Here are some websites with world's statistics as good starting points:

UNICEF - data.unicef.org
United Nations UNdata - www.un.org/en/databases/
World Bank Open Data - data.worldbank.org
World Health Organisation - Who.int
Children's right convention - www.unicef.org/crc/